



## **Research Proposal**

Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation (S/HEF) is a self-funded 501(c)(3) devoted to discovering, free from outside influence, how to protect young people. S/HEF cares about one thing: what works.

### **The Deterrence Project**

#### **Two critical questions that may prevent many crimes:**

Can carrying an item in your hand deter a potential perpetrator from initiating an attack?

Can the manner in which a person carries an item in their hand deter a potential perpetrator from initiating an attack?

#### **One critical question that may assist rehabilitation:**

Did taking this survey make you feel like you are using your knowledge to help others stay safe?

**Let's find out!**

## Section A

### 1. Name and current affiliation of researchers:

Staff from Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation (a 501(c)(3) organization) will work on the Deterrence Project. Talcott Franklin, M.A., J.D. of Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation is the Principal Investigator for the entire evaluation. Dennis Taylor, M.A., J.D. is the Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation Project Director. Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation is responsible for follow up data collection and distribution of surveys to the institutions.

### 2. Title of the Study:

The study is called the Deterrence Project.

### 3. Purpose of the Project:

This study seeks to answer two simple questions: First, does carrying certain items in the hand deter a potential perpetrator from initiating an attack? Second, can the manner in which a person carries an item in their hand deter a potential perpetrator from initiating an attack?

The answer to the first question may seem obvious (“Yes, if they are carrying a loaded gun”), but frankly, no one has even tested even *that* hypothesis. And the answer to the gun question does not seem particularly practical given that most people are not going to terrorize the local population by walking around with loaded guns in their hand even if doing so happened to be legal. Thus, this study is more interested in common, everyday items that a person would be likely to carry: certain keyrings may increase the likelihood of attack or decrease the likelihood of attack. What about a flashlight? A leash attached to a big dog? A leash attached to a small dog?

Answering the second question is in some ways more interesting: if a woman buys a bottle of wine at the corner store, can she hold the bottle in such a way that it would deter an attack? And does holding the bottle in a different way “encourage” an attack? View the two pictures below:



The first method of carrying the bottle is very aggressive and poised to defend an attack. The second method is very welcoming as though the porter is “offering” the bottle to someone.

The key outcome is that we may discover a very simple way for people to increase their safety and deter crime. We hypothesize that certain items will increase the chance someone will be attacked (e.g., expensive purses or keychains) and other items will decrease the chance someone will be attacked (e.g., large dogs, anything that can be used as a club). We also hypothesize that *the way* in which some items are carried will impact the probability that the porter will be attacked. For example, carrying a cell phone while texting or watching a video will increase the chance of attack while carrying a cell phone while talking to someone will decrease the chance of attack.

The hypothesis is suggested by the work of Grayson & Stein (“Attracting Assault: Victims’ Nonverbal Cues,” *Journal of Communication*, Winter 1981, p. 74), who videotaped various people walking on the street and showed the results to inmates, who rated each person on a scale from a “very easy rip-off” to “too heavy; I wouldn’t mess with that one”. Surprisingly, the person’s age or gender was not determinative of their placement on the scale. Based on a review by a choreographer, all the “easy rip-offs” (which included young men and young women) shared common movements:

The prime difference between the assault victims and nonvictims ... revolves around ‘wholeness’ of movement. Nonvictims have organized movements [that] come from the body center. In contrast, victims’ movements come from the body’s periphery, and communicate inconsistency.

Grayson & Stein (1981).

#### **4. Location of the project:**

Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation will conduct the study at any BOP facility that is willing to participate.

#### **5. Research Methods:**

Participants will fill out a survey that pictures various items and asks them to rate on a scale of 1-10 (5 being neutral) indicating whether the carrying of the item increases or decreases the likelihood of assault. The survey will effectively be a very large focus group and we would like to obtain as many responses as possible. No personal data will be collected about the participants and their responses will be anonymous. From the responses, each item will receive a score by which its strength in deterring attack will be assessed.

#### **6. Anticipated Results:**

Key outcomes are as follows:

1. We will learn that an effective way to deter an attack is to carry a certain item in a certain way.
2. We will learn that carrying an item in a certain way is unsafe and can increase the chance of being assaulted.

3. The participants will gain self-esteem from contributing their important knowledge to this project.
4. The participants will experience personal satisfaction from participating in this project.
5. Participating in the study will assist the participant's rehabilitation.

Other unanticipated outcomes may take place as well.

#### **7. Duration of the study:**

We anticipate that data collection will take approximately one month, and that we will be able to download and analyze the results one month after that. However, this timeline may be modified pending data collection progress.

#### **8. Number of subjects and the amount of time required from each:**

We would like to begin by having 100 participants take our survey. Additional participants may be identified in the future. Participating in the study, including reviewing and filling out the informed consent form, will take roughly 1 hour.

#### **9. Indication of risk or discomfort involved as a result of participation:**

There is minimal risk involved in this survey. Please see additional information in Section B, #5.

### **Section B**

#### **1. Review of related literature:**

Very little actual research on this issue exists. Abundant supposition and conjecture exists about what deters or encourages assault, but much of this is driven by merchants selling items such as guns, pepper spray, or personal alarms, or by those who support or oppose the sale of these items for political reasons. The study that inspired the idea for this research was described in Section A(3). Grayson, B. & M. Stein, "Attracting Assault: Victims' Nonverbal Cues," *Journal of Communication*, Winter 1981, p. 74. This study is not on point but lends support for the hypothesis that certain behaviors can influence the likelihood of assault. Some evidence does exist for the idea that "target hardening" on real property reduces crimes like armed robbery and burglary. Louise Sturgeon-Adams, L., S. Adamson and N. Davidson, "Hartlepool: A Case Study in Burglary Reduction," Centre for Criminology and Criminal Justice, January 2005. In the late 1970s, 7-11 company reduced armed robberies 56% by re-configuring their stores based on the advice of former armed robbers. Michael Castleman, *Crime Free* (1981) 21-27.

## **2. Detailed description of the research method:**

Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation requests that BOP personnel allow study participants to fill out the survey as their schedule allows, and to return such surveys to [tal@securehighered.com](mailto:tal@securehighered.com) by scan or to Talcott Franklin, Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation, 1521 N. Cooper Street, Suite 340, Arlington, TX 76011.

Informed consent forms for participant signatures will be provided with the surveys.

NO MONEY OR GIFTS OF ANY KIND WILL BE ALLOWED.

## **3. Significance of anticipated results and their contribution to the advancement of knowledge:**

We anticipate that data will be used for two analyses:

First, Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation will use the data to inform children and their parents that carrying certain items in a certain way can increase their safety (or the reverse if the hypothesis fails, indicating that carrying these items may result in a false sense of security). This will be posted to the Secure/ Higher Ed website, delivered to teachers taking online and live trainings to teach the Secure/ Higher Ed safety training, and discussed at safety trainings for students and their parents.

Second, the researchers may endeavor to publish the findings in a suitable peer-reviewed journal or as a White Paper. The researchers will provide the survey results to the participating institutions so that they can at their discretion inform the participants of the results. The participants can then pass on the survey results to those they care about to help them stay safe.

## **4. Specific resources required from the Bureau:**

The costs to the BOP would include staff time to distribute and collect surveys and informed consent forms, and to return the surveys to the researchers.

## **5. Description of all possible risks, discomforts and benefits to individual subjects or a class of subjects, and a discussion of the likelihood that the risks and discomforts will actually occur:**

There is minimal risk involved in this survey. There is a minor risk that the survey may remind the respondent of something he would rather forget.

By contrast, respondents should achieve the psychological benefit of using their knowledge to help society and specific individuals that they care about. This should increase their happiness and their self-esteem. The survey will remind respondents that they possess valuable information and that they can use this information to benefit society. This should improve their self-esteem.

**6. Description of steps taken to minimize any risks described in (B) (5) of this section:**

Respondents will be informed that study participation is voluntary and that any question may be skipped. The photos and descriptions are not graphic and the respondent can decide to stop taking the survey at any time.

**7. Description of physical and/or administrative procedures to be followed to:**

- a. Ensure the security of any individually identifiable data that are being collected for the project, and**

Respondents may volunteer to take the survey. They will be provided informed consent forms to fill out as well as the survey. The respondent and staff will be instructed that the survey should be completed and then folded in half to ensure anonymity of responses. The informed consent form will be left unfolded so staff can easily differentiate between the two documents. The surveys will be placed in one box to be returned to the researchers and the informed consent forms will remain with the institution.

- b. Destroy research records or remove individual identifiers from those records when the research has been completed.**

No individual identifiers will be associated with the survey other than the informed consent form to be turned in separately and retained or disposed of by the BOP institution as required by law.

**8. Description of any anticipated effects of the research project on institution programs and operations:**

The research project will have the following impact in BOP: staff must distribute and collect the surveys and informed consent forms. Staff must send the completed surveys to the researchers. The institution may retain or dispose of the informed consent forms at its discretion and as required by law.

**9. Relevant research materials:**

The following documents are included in this submission:

- The CV of the Project Director overseeing the data collection activities,
- The Researcher Statement signed by Talcott J. Franklin,
- Consent statement, and
- The baseline consent form.

Thank you for your consideration of this project.

**Talcott J. Franklin**  
Secure Higher Ed LLC  
1521 N. Cooper Street, Suite 340  
Arlington, Texas 76011-5537  
214.321.3838 / tal@securehighered.com

## **Education**

### **Washington & Lee School of Law**

J.D., *magna cum laude* (3.563 g.p.a.), May 1995

Order of the Coif

Editor in Chief, Washington & Lee Law Review, 1994-95

Staff Writer, Washington & Lee Law Review, 1993-94

Robert and Anne Banse Honor Scholarship (full tuition), 1992-95

*Calculating Damages for Loss of Parental Nurture Through Multiple Regression Analysis*, 52 Washington & Lee Law Review 271 (1995)

### **University of Washington**

M.A. in Sociology (Quantitative Research Methodology) (3.84 g.p.a.), March 1992

Associate Editor, Journal on Firearms & Public Policy, 1991-92

*Measuring Racism in Recent Presidential Elections*, Master's Thesis, 1992

*Ten Years Later: An Analysis of the Effects of New York City's Mandatory Sentencing Law*, 4 Journal on Firearms & Public Policy 91 (1991)

B.A. in Sociology (3.48 g.p.a.), March 1988

## **Prior Employment**

Equity Partner, Deputy Chair of Litigation, and Dallas office head of litigation, Patton Boggs LLP, 2003-2009 (title and position evolved during tenure).

Senior Counsel, Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP, Dallas, Texas, 2002-2003.

Intellectual Property Counsel, American Airlines, Inc., DFW Airport, Texas, 2000-2001.

Associate, Susman Godfrey, L.L.P., Dallas, Texas, 1998-2000; Hunton & Williams LLP, Charlotte, North Carolina, 1996-1998; Parker Poe Adams & Bernstein LLP, Charlotte, North Carolina, 1995.

Instructor, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington, 1991-1992; Highline Community College, Des Moines, Washington, 1992.

Juvenile Rehabilitation Counselor, Maximum Security Unit, Department of Health & Social Services, Division of Juvenile Rehabilitation, North Bend, Washington, 1988-1989.

## Bar Admissions

North Carolina State Bar (Bar No. 22060; admitted 8.18.95); South Carolina Bar Association (Bar No. 011611; admitted 11.18.96) (inactive); State Bar of Texas (Bar No. 24010629; admitted 5.17.99); State Bar of Michigan (Bar No. P79402; admitted 3.17.15); D. Col. (admitted 8.5.08); D.D.C. (Bar No. TX0078; admitted 9.2.10); D.S.C. (Bar No. 6737; admitted 1.29.97) (inactive); E.D.N.C. (admitted 2.4.97); M.D.N.C. (admitted 4.18.96); W.D.N.C. (admitted 9.28.95); E.D. Tex. (admitted 2.18.99); N.D. Tex. (admitted 12.18.98).

## Representative Accomplishments/Experience

*Primary Creator, Researcher & Trainer, Peers – Parents – Professionals (P<sup>3</sup>) female safety training courses & Brother 2 Brother (B<sup>2</sup>B) male safety training course (2015).*

*Primary Creator, Researcher, & Trainer, Teach P<sup>3</sup> training course and Teach B<sup>2</sup>B training course (2017).*

*Creator, Video Encouraging Prayer for Child Abuse Victims, Viewed by 8 Million Parishioners Observing Blue Sunday, April 30, 2017. [www.BlueSunday.org](http://www.BlueSunday.org).*

*Creator, Continuing Legal Education Seminar Promoting Attorney Mental Health (North Carolina), February 26, 2016.*

*Co-Author (with Thomas F. Nealon III), Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities Litigation Handbook (Thomson West 2008).*

*Co-Author (with Micah S. Green), Emergency Economic Stabilization Act Handbook (West 2009).*

*Author, Protecting The Brand: A Concise Guide to Promoting, Maintaining, and Protecting A Company's Most Valuable Asset (Barricade Books 2003).*

*Barnes & Noble DFW Author of the Month, March 2004.*

*Outstanding reviews in *Booklist*, *Publisher's Weekly*, *Library Journal*, *Texas Lawyer*, and *Statesman Journal*.*

*Endorsed by former director of U.S. Patent & Trademark Office, former Court of Appeals Judge, and three general counsel from Fortune 500 companies.*

*Recipient of the 1997 Mecklenburg County Bar Association Volunteer Lawyers Program *Pro Bono* Attorney Award for Exemplary Service to the Indigent for monthly trial work on behalf of domestic violence victims.*

*Recipient of Hunton & Williams' 1997-1998 and 1998-1999 E. Randolph Williams Award for Outstanding *Pro Bono* Service and one of two lawyers in the firm to receive special recognition in firm's 1998 *pro bono* service award for trying a case each month on behalf of a domestic violence victim.*

## **Professional Activities**

Co-Founder, Survivor Training Opportunity Project (provides healing and economic opportunity for survivors of gender-based violence), 2016.

Co-Chair, Dallas Bar Association *Pro Bono* Activities Committee, 2002 (Co-Vice-chair, 2001).

Articles Editor, South Carolina Lawyer, 1998-1999.

Mecklenburg County Bar Association Summer Internship Selection Committee, 1997-1998.

Member, *Pro Bono* College of the State Bar of Texas, 2000-2004.

Project 100 Volunteer and Attorney Trainer, Providing *pro bono* representation of domestic violence survivors and supervising/training other attorneys for same, 1995-1998.

## **Speeches and Public Appearances**

*MBS Litigation: Where can it go from here?*, Association of Mortgage Investors, May 11, 2017.

Guest, *Evening News Feature on Roanoke Safety Summit & Safety Tips*, WFXR (Roanoke), August 6, 2016.

Guest, *Evening News Feature on Secure/ Higher Ed & Safety Tips*, Fox4 (Dallas), April 14, 2016.

*Protecting Children from Predators*, Alcuin School, December 15, 2015.

*Post Crisis Litigation Risks and Trends*, American Securitization Forum Annual Meeting, February 2, 2010.

*Staying In: Managing Distressed Assets*, Distressed Asset Roundtable & Exchange, October 6, 2009.

*Addressing Fraud In An Ever Changing Mortgage Banking Landscape: A Practical Guide to Navigating The Issues*, ALI-ABA, September 30, 2009.

*Future of RMBS Litigation*, Distressed Asset Roundtable & Exchange, May 13, 2009.

Web Cast, *The Next Scandal in the Credit Crisis?*, West LegalEdcenter, May 1, 2009.

Web Cast, *Reviving Securitization: Prospects, Policy, and Predictions*, West LegalEdcenter, April 14, 2009.

Web Cast, *The Evolution of Subprime Litigation*, West LegalEdcenter, April 8, 2009.

Web Cast, *Recovery and Reinvestment: The Stimulus Package Examined*, West LegalEdcenter, February 19, 2009.

*Litigation and Enforcement: Risks and Trends*, American Securitization Forum Annual Meeting, February 10, 2009.

*Is this a US Problem? Analysing the Fundamentals of the European Debt Market in Light of the Turmoil in the US*, 7th Annual Distressed Debt Summit, Euromoney Seminars, November 6, 2008.

Web cast, *Rescuing the Economy: An Examination of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008*, West LegalWorks, October 9, 2008.

*The Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008*, Wipeout, Bailout, Workout: The Regulatory, Business & Enforcement Landscape From DC to Wall Street, Directors' Roundtable, October 7, 2008.

*Distressed Debt Litigation: Causes, Concerns, Risks and Prevention*, Distressed Debt Investing & Risk Management: Navigating the Post-Subprime World, September 18, 2008.

Web cast, *Bailout or Washout: An Analysis of the Treasury Proposal to Purchase Mortgage-Related Assets*, West LegalWorks, September 29, 2008.

Web cast, *Municipal Lawsuits Against Mortgage Lenders*, West LegalWorks, July 21, 2008.

*The Explosion in U.S. Subprime Litigation & Regulatory Initiatives: Implications for European Market Participants*, European Securitisation Forum, July 16, 2008.

*Legal Responses to the Credit Crisis: Will the UK Follow the US?*, Centre for the Study of Financial Innovation, July 15, 2008.

Web cast, *The Tentacles of Securitization*, West LegalWorks, June 26, 2008.

Guest, *Your Money* with Chuck Jaffe, WBIX 1060 AM (Boston), June 25, 2008.

Web cast, *The Basics of Securitization*, West LegalWorks, May 28, 2008.

Web cast, *The Latest Regulatory, Governmental, and Legislative Responses to the Subprime Crisis*, West LegalWorks, April 16, 2008.

*The Credit Crisis: Challenges and Opportunities for Young Lawyers*, Southern Methodist University School of Law, April 20, 2008.

Web cast, *Insurance, Bankruptcy, and Malpractice Developments after the Subprime Meltdown*, West LegalWorks, March 19, 2008.

*Investor Actions and SEC Investigations: New Targets, Potential Exposures and Effective Defenses*, Subprime Lending Litigation and Regulatory Enforcement, American Conference Institute, March 4-5, 2008.

Pod cast, *The Credit Crisis*, Thomson West, February 28, 2008.

Web cast, *The Latest Legal & Regulatory Developments on the Subprime Mortgage Financial Crisis*, West LegalWorks, February 26, 2008.

Panelist, *The Business of Fashion: Issues and Answers for the Apparel Industry Entrepreneur*, Dallas Fashion Incubator, June 5, 2007.

*Protecting the Brand Against Fakes, Fories, Frauds, and Forgeries: Fighting CounterFeits*, Dallas Bar Association Intellectual Property Section, December 9, 2005.

*International Trademark Enforcement*, TexasBarCLE 18<sup>th</sup> Annual Intellectual Property Law Course, March 11, 2005.

*The Essential Rules Every Corporate Governance Professional Must Know to Prevent Losing Corporate Brands*, Society of Corporate Secretaries and Governance Professionals, February 9, 2005.

*Creating a Legally Protected Brand*, Barnes & Noble Meet the Author Series, March 9, 2004 and April 20, 2004.

*Marketing Guide to Trademarks*, DFW American Marketing Association, March 18, 2004.

*Protecting the DELTA DENTAL Brand*, Delta Dental Plans Association Board of Directors Retreat, February 20, 2004.

Guest, *The Louie Free Radio Show* with Louie Free, WWOW 1360 AM (Youngstown), February 9, 2004.

Guest, *Business Talk New York* with Adriane Berg, WLIE 540 AM (New York), February 3, 2004.

*Trademarks for Law Students*, Southern Methodist University School of Law, January 28, 2004.

*General Counsel's Guide to Trademarks*, Corporate Counsel Series, January 21, 2004.

Guest, *Final Edition* with Bob Lawrence, KSCJ 1360 AM (Sioux City), December 16, 2003.

*Insurance Counsel's Guide to Trademarks*, North Texas Association of Insurance Counsel, December 5, 2003.

Guest, *PM Magazine* with Lindsay Parker, WBNW 1120 AM (Boston), October 30, 2003.

*Avoiding the Three Major Brand Killers*, American Management Association Branding 2003 Conference, October 22, 2003.

*Low Cost IP Programs*, Corporate Counsel Series, May 15, 2002.

*Encouraging Lawyers to Meet Their Moral Pro Bono Obligation*, Dallas Bar Association Pro Bono Activities Committee 2002 Pro Bono Summit, May 7, 2002.

*Representing a Domestic Violence Survivor*, Southern Methodist University School of Law Domestic Violence Symposium, February 15, 2002.

*Child Support Intervention Project*, Dallas Association of Young Lawyers Continuing Legal Education Seminar, August 15, 2001.

*Business Ethics*, Women's Business Counsel, August 7, 2001.

*Basic Principles of Trademark Use*, American Airlines, Inc. Continuing Legal Education Seminar, May 31, 2001.

*Representing An Abused Person in a Domestic Violence Protective Order Case*, Mecklenburg County Bar Association Continuing Legal Education Seminar, November 19, 1998.

*Professionalism, Civility and Our Pro Bono Commitment*, Mecklenburg County Bar Association Continuing Legal Education Seminar, December 3, 1997.

## **Articles**

Talcott J. Franklin, Dennis C. Taylor, and Ann Beytagh, *Addressing Conflicts of Interest in the Context of Campus Sexual Violence*, 2017 BYU Education & Law Journal 1 (2017).

Talcott J. Franklin, & Dennis C. Taylor, *Components of an Effective Research-Based Sexual Assault Reduction Program*, Secure Higher Ed Foundation White Paper, January 9, 2017.

Talcott J. Franklin, *Servicer Safe Harbor: A Legal and Policy Analysis*, West LegalEdcenter White Paper, May 1, 2009.

Talcott J. Franklin, *So You Think You Understand that Securitization Contract?*, American Securitization Journal, February 2009, at 19.

Talcott J. Franklin, *The Impact of Securitization on the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008*, West LegalEdcenter White Papers (five updates), September 25 - October 8, 2008.

*Protecting the Brand Globally: International Trademark Enforcement*, TexasBarCLE 18<sup>th</sup> Annual Intellectual Property Law Course, March 10-11, 2005.

*Overview of Trademark Use in Marketing*, American Marketing Association Best Practices Paper, [www.MarketingPower.com](http://www.MarketingPower.com).

*Safeguarding Your Business's Trade Secrets*, Corporate Logo, April 2004, at 14.

*Safeguarding the Most Valuable Asset: How Promotional Products Can Protect the Brand or Destroy It*, Corporate Logo, March 2004, at 14.

*Be on the Ball with Trademarks – Keep Courts at Bay*, IndUS Business Journal, February 1, 2004.

*Creating Your MLM Brand*, Network Marketing Business Journal, January 2004.

*Helping Lawyers Help Others: Creating a Pro Bono Program Designed to Attract and Retain a Large Volunteer Pool*, 27 Journal of the Legal Profession 23 (2003).

*Practical Pro Bono: How Public Service Can Enhance Your Practice*, South Carolina Lawyer, Jan./Feb. 1999, at 14.

## **Consent to Participate in a Research Study**

**Title:** The Deterrence Project

**Researcher:** Talcott J. Franklin, Principal, Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation

### **What is this study about and why are you doing it?**

Secure/ Higher Ed Foundation is a non-profit foundation that does research designed to help keep people safer. The Foundation then shares that research with the public and uses the research to help parents and their children learn about ways to stay safer.

This study is about things a person might carry that would deter someone from attacking them. It is also about the things a person might carry that would make it more likely that they would be attacked.

Because of your incarceration, you have lived among people convicted of crimes. You understand how they think and how they behave. You can use your knowledge to help other people stay safe.

### **What are you asking me to do if I agree to be in the study?**

If you agree to be in the study, we will give you a survey. The survey will contain pictures and descriptions of things that a woman might carry in her hand. You will then give a rating as to whether carrying each thing makes the woman more likely or less likely to be assaulted, or whether carrying the item makes no difference in terms of the likelihood of assault.

The survey will take about 30 minutes to complete.

### **How will this study help me?**

Participating in the study will be beneficial to your rehabilitation. You will be helping others learn how to protect themselves. People generally feel better as a result of helping others. You have very important knowledge that can be used to help people stay safe.

We will publish the results. You can use these results to help educate your friends and family about things they can do to stay safe.

### **Why should I be in the study?**

The results from this study may help keep someone from being attacked. It may also keep some people from going to prison.

Most crimes are crimes of opportunity, meaning they only take place because the perpetrator saw a chance to commit the crime and acted on that chance. The perpetrator may have been high or drunk at the time and may not have acted that way when sober.

Thus, every crime you help deter saves two people: the victim from being attacked and the perpetrator from serving time. You can use your knowledge to help save many people.

**Are there any risks or can I get hurt by being in the study?**

I am not aware of any risks associated with taking this survey. It is possible that the survey may remind you of things you would rather not think about, and there may be some discomfort from that. But most people will feel good about helping others by taking the survey.

**What steps are you taking to reduce these risks or discomforts?**

The survey does not contain disturbing images or words. However, if you experience discomfort, you can stop taking the survey at any time. The survey is anonymous, meaning no one will know what answers you gave to the survey questions.

**What else do I need to know?**

- Your decision whether or not to be in this study is voluntary.
- You may refuse to be in this study at any time and you will not be penalized.
- Your decision either way will not affect your release date or parole eligibility.
- You will be returned to your regular assignment if you decide to not be in this study.
- I must report the following:
  - 1) if you seem suicidal,
  - 2) if you say you want to hurt yourself or someone else,
  - 3) if you tell me you plan to commit a crime in the future, or
  - 4) if you admit to unreported crimes committed while in federal prisons.

**Whom can I contact with questions or concerns?**

If you have questions please contact Talcott Franklin at Secure/ Higher Ed, 1521 N. Cooper Street, Suite 340, Arlington, Texas 76011-5537. If you have concerns about the study, please contact the Chief Psychologist at your institution. You may have a copy of this form if you would like.

## Consent Form

Participant's Agreement: I have read the above information (or it has been read aloud to me). The study has been explained to me. My questions have been answered. I voluntarily agree to be in this study.

Name (printed)	
Signature	Date

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS

Name of Researcher Talcott J. Franklin	Name of Institution Providing IRB Oversight
OHRP Federal Wide Assurance Number:	
Title of Research Project Covered Under This Agreement The Deterrence Project	

**Note**—all references to the “IRB” in this document refer to the IRB for the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

The following is a list of your responsibilities as a researcher conducting research at the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

- (1) I have read *The Belmont Report: Ethical Principles and Guidelines for the Protection of Human Subjects of Research*, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons Research Policy (Policy Statement 1070.07). I am familiar with the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) regulations for the protection of human subjects (28 CFR 46).
- (2) I understand and accept the responsibility to comply with the standards and requirements stipulated in the above documents and to protect the rights and welfare of human subjects involved in research conducted under this Agreement.
- (3) I will abide by all determinations of the IRB and will accept the final authority and decisions of the IRB, including, but not limited to, directives to terminate participation in designated research activities.
- (4) I will complete any training required by the IRB prior to initiating research covered under this Agreement.
- (5) I will report promptly to the IRB proposed changes in the research conducted under this Agreement. I will not initiate changes in the research without prior IRB review and approval, except where necessary to eliminate apparent immediate hazards to subjects.
- (6) I will report immediately to the IRB any unanticipated problems in the research project that involve risks to subjects or others.
- (7) I will seek, document, and maintain records of informed consent from each subject or the subject’s legally authorized representative as required under DOJ regulations and stipulated by the IRB.
- (8) I acknowledge and agree to cooperate in the IRB’s responsibility for initial and continuing review, record keeping, reporting, and certification. I will provide all information requested by the IRB in a timely fashion.
- (9) I will not enroll subjects in research under this Agreement prior to the review and approval of the project by the IRB.
- (10) I acknowledge that my primary responsibility is to safeguard the rights and welfare of each research subject, and that the subject’s rights and welfare must take precedence over the goals and requirements of the research.
- (11) If required by the Federal Bureau of Prisons, I agree to submit to a background check for security reasons.
- (12) I understand that each BOP facility may have unique rules and requirements, and I agree to abide by the rules and requirements of the facilities where I conduct my research.
- (13) I understand that if I copyright or grant a copyright to any materials as the result of my project, I grant the Federal Bureau of Prisons a royalty-free, non-exclusive, and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish, translate, and otherwise use and authorize others to publish and use such materials.

(14) As a courtesy, prior to publication, I will send a copy of papers, articles, etc. which are based on data obtained through the BOP to the Office of Research and Evaluation.

I have read and I understand my responsibilities as a researcher conducting research at the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Signature of Researcher <i>JJ JC</i>	Date May 12, 2017
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(This form may be reprinted via WP)

Replaces BP-S604 dtd Jan 99